

# Formulas

## Projections

Scalar projection:  $s = \frac{\vec{u} \bullet \vec{v}}{|\vec{v}|} = |\vec{u}| \cos \theta$

Vector projection:  $\vec{u}_{\vec{v}} = \frac{\vec{u} \bullet \vec{v}}{|\vec{v}|^2} \vec{v} = \frac{\vec{u} \bullet \vec{v}}{|\vec{v}|} \hat{v}$

## Distances

Point  $(x_0, y_0, z_0)$  to plane  $Ax + By + Cz = D$ :

$$s = \frac{|Ax_0 + By_0 + Cz_0 - D|}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}$$

Point  $\vec{r}_0 = \langle x_0, y_0, z_0 \rangle$  to line  $\vec{r}(t) = \vec{r}_1 + t\vec{v}$ :

$$s = \frac{|(\vec{r}_0 - \vec{r}_1) \times \vec{v}|}{|\vec{v}|}$$

Line  $\vec{r}(t) = \vec{r}_1 + t\vec{v}_1$  to line  $\vec{r}(t) = \vec{r}_2 + t\vec{v}_2$ :

$$s = \frac{|(\vec{r}_2 - \vec{r}_1) \bullet (\vec{v}_1 \times \vec{v}_2)|}{|\vec{v}_1 \times \vec{v}_2|}$$

## Arc Length

Arc length of curve  $\vec{r}(t)$ ,  $a \leq t \leq b$ :

$$s = \int_a^b \left| \frac{d\vec{r}}{dt} \right| dt = \int_a^b |\vec{v}(t)| dt = \int_a^b v(t) dt$$

## Normals and Tangents to Surfaces

Normal vector to  $z = f(x, y)$  at  $(a, b, f(a, b))$ :

$$\vec{n} = \langle f_1(a, b), f_2(a, b), -1 \rangle$$

Tangent plane to  $z = f(x, y)$  at  $(a, b, f(a, b))$ :

$$z = f(a, b) + f_1(a, b)(x - a) + f_2(a, b)(y - b)$$

## Integrals

$$\int \sec^2 x \, dx = \tan x + C$$

$$\int \tan x \, dx = \ln |\sec x| + C$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + C \quad (a > 0, |x| < a)$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{a^2 + x^2} = \frac{1}{a} \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{a} + C \quad (a > 0)$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{a^2 - x^2} = \frac{1}{2a} \ln \left| \frac{x+a}{x-a} \right| + C \quad (a > 0)$$