

15.5 Question #17 (p. 936)

Find the total charge on the surface

$$\mathbf{r} = e^u \cos v \vec{i} + e^u \sin v \vec{j} + u \vec{k}, \quad (0 \leq u \leq 1, 0 \leq v \leq \pi).$$

if the charge density on the surface is $\delta = \sqrt{1 + e^{2u}}$.

We want to find $\iint_S \delta dS$. We already have a parameterization for the surface S , so we only need to calculate the area element dS . Since

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial u} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial v} &= \langle e^u \cos v, e^u \sin v, 1 \rangle \times \langle -e^u \sin v, e^u \cos v, 0 \rangle \\ &= \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ e^u \cos v & e^u \sin v & 1 \\ -e^u \sin v & e^u \cos v & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \langle -e^u \cos v, -e^u \sin v, e^{2u} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

we have

$$dS = \left| \frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial u} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial v} \right| du dv = \sqrt{e^{2u} \cos^2 v + e^{2u} \sin^2 v + e^{4u}} = \sqrt{e^{2u} + e^{4u}} = e^u \sqrt{1 + e^{2u}}$$

Therefore,

$$\begin{aligned} \iint_S \delta dS &= \iint_S \sqrt{1 + e^{2u}} e^u \sqrt{1 + e^{2u}} dS = \iint_S (1 + e^{2u}) e^u dS \\ &= \int_0^1 du \int_0^\pi dv [e^u + e^{3u}] = \int_0^1 du [(e^u + e^{3u})\pi] = \pi \left(e^u + \frac{e^{3u}}{3} \right) \Big|_{u=0}^{u=1} \\ &= \pi \left(e + \frac{e^3}{3} - 1 - \frac{1}{3} \right) = \pi \left(e + \frac{e^3}{3} - \frac{4}{3} \right) \end{aligned}$$